

Seat No.: _____

Enrolment No. _____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-1st / 2nd EXAMINATION- WINTER 2015

Subject Code: 110014

Date:28/12/2015

Subject Name: Calculus

Time: 10:30am to 01:30pm

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt any five questions.**
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.**
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks**

- Q.1** (a) (i) Expand the polynomial $f(x) = x^5 + 2x^4 - x^2 + x + 1$ in power of $x+1$. **05**
- (ii) Check whether the series $\sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ is Convergent or Divergent. **02**
- (b) (i) Test for the convergence for the series $\frac{1}{2!} + \frac{2}{3!} + \frac{3}{4!} + \frac{4}{5!} + \dots$ **04**
- (ii) Test for the convergence for the series $\sum \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{\log(n+1)}$ **03**
- Q.2** (a) (i) Trace the curve $y^2(a+x) = x^2(a-x)$, Where $a > 0$. **05**
- (ii) Determine the concavity of $y = 3 + \sin x$ on $[0, \pi]$ **02**
- (b) (i) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(x^2+y^2)} dx dy$. **04**
- (ii) For what values of x the power series $\sum \frac{x^n}{n!}$ Converge ? **03**
- Q.3** (a) (i) Evaluate $\int_0^1 x^5 \sin^{-1} x dx$ **05**
- (ii) Write down maclaurin series for $\sin x$ and $\cos x$. **02**
- (b) (i) Obtain reduction formulae for $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx, n \in N$. **04**
- (ii) Evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^5 x \cos^4 x dx$ **03**

- Q.4** (a) (i) Change the order of integration to evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_0^{4-x^2} \frac{x e^{2y}}{4-y} dy dx$. **05**
- (ii) Use the Fundamental theorem to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \int_x^5 3t \sin t dt$ **02**
- (b) (i) Evaluate $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{a^x + b^x + c^x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}}$. **04**
- (ii) Find the area between parabolas $x^2 = 4ay$ and $y^2 = 4ax$ where a is constant. **03**
- Q.5** (a) (i) Find the volume of the pyramid whose base is a square with side L and whose height is h. **05**
- (ii) Evaluate $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$ **02**
- (b) (i) Use cylindrical shells to find volume of the solid obtained by rotating about the y-axis the region between $y = x$ and $y = x^2$. **04**
- (ii) Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = x^3, y = 8$ and $x = 0$ about the y-axis. **03**
- Q.6** (a) (i) If $u(x, y) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}} \right)$ then prove that **05**
- $$x^2 u_{xx} + 2xy u_{xy} + y^2 u_{yy} = - \frac{\sin u \cos 2u}{4 \cos^3 u}.$$
- (ii) Find the value of $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ at the point (4, -5) for $f(x, y) = x^{2014} + 3xy + y - 2014$ **02**
- (b) (i) If $u = x^4 y + y^2 z^3$ where $x = r s e^t, y = r s^2 e^{-t}$, and $z = r^2 s \sin t$, find the value of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial s}$ when $r = 1, s = 1, t = 0$. **04**
- (ii) Sketch the level curves of the function $f(x, y) = 6 - 3x - 2y$ for the values $k = 6, 0, -6$. **03**
- Q.7** (a) (i) Find the local maximum and minimum values and saddle points of $f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - 4xy + 1$ **05**
- (ii) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-y} \int_0^2 dx dz dy$ **02**
- (b) (i) Find the Tangent Plane to the elliptic paraboloid $z = 2x^2 + y^2$ at the point (1, 1, 3). **04**
- (ii) Evaluate $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (1,2)} (x^2 y^3 - x^3 y^2 + 3x + 2y)$ **03**