GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE - SEMESTER- 1^{st} / 2^{nd} • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2013

Subject Code: 110006 Date: 11-06-2013			013
Time	: 02:30	ne: Elements of Mechanical Engineering pm – 05:00 pm Total Marks:	70
 Attempt any five questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 			
Q.1	(a) (b)	Explain working of four stroke Diesel Engine with P-V diagram. A four cylinder four stroke petrol engine has 100mm bore and stroke is 1.3 times bore. It consumes 4 kg of fuel per hour having calorific value of 40500 kJ/kg. If engine speed is 850 rpm. Find its Indicated thermal efficiency. The mean effective pressure is 0.75 N/mm ²	05 05
	(c)	Define Pressure and explain Absolute Pressure, Guage Pressure and Atmospheric pressure.	04
Q.2	(a) (b)	Explain construction and working of Locomotive boiler with neat sketch. State the function of the following (1) Fusible plug. (2) Economiser (3) Safety valve	07 03
	(c)	Define: (i) Sensible heat (ii) Latent heat (iii) Dryness fraction (iv) Enthalpy of evaporation.	04
Q.3	(a)	Derive Expression PV/T=constant with the help of Boyle's law and Charle's law.	05
	(b)	A steel cylinder contains O_2 at pressure of 25 bar and temperature of 27^{0} C, After using some quantity of the gas the pressure was found to be 5 bar and temperature of 20^{0} C.700 liters of O_2 was originally put in the cylinder at NTP Density of O_2 at NTP is 1.43 gm/liter. Find the mass of O_2 used.	06
	(c)	Define Calorific value and explain Higher and Lower Calorific values.	03
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain Separating Calorimeter with neat sketch. Find internal energy of 1 kg of steam at a pressure of 15 bar when (i) The steam is superheated with temperature of 400°C. (ii) The steam is wet with dryness fraction =0.9	05 05
	(c)	Take Cps=2.1 kJ/kg K What are different methods of IC engine governing? Explain governing method used in the Petrol engine.	04
Q.5	(a) (b)	Derive expression for the efficiency of the Carnot cycle. In an ideal Diesel cycle the temperature at the beginning and at the end of compression are 57°C and 603°C. The temperature at the beginning and at the end of expansion are 1950°C and 870°C. Find the ideal efficiency of the cycle. If the pressure is 1 bar find the maximum pressure in the cycle.	05 05
	(c)	Explain Oldham's coupling with neat sketch.	04
Q. 6	(a) (b) (c)	Explain working of main parts of centrifugal pump with neat sketch. Explain difference between Reciprocating and Rotodynamic compressor. Draw and explain Internal expanding brake.	05 05 04
Q.7	(a) (b) (c)	Explain Vapour absorption Refrigeration system with the neat sketch. Define (i) Hardness (ii) Creep (iii) Resilience (iv) Toughness. What are Bearings and how they are classified?	06 04 04
