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# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY <br> BE - SEMESTER-1 $1^{\text {st }} / 2^{\text {nd }}$ EXAMINATION (NEW SYLLABUS) - SUMMER 2016 

Subject Code: 2110004
Date:06/06/2016
Subject Name: Elements of Civil Engineering Time:02:30 PM to 5:00 PM

Total Marks: 70
Instructions:

1. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four out of remaining Six questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q. 1 (a) Attempt Following Questions.

Mark

1. The infrastructural sector covers a wide range of service of $\qquad$
(a) Transportation, (b) Water Resources Project, (c) Power sector,
(d) All above
2. Which of the following scale is the smallest one?
(a) $1 \mathrm{~cm}=5 \mathrm{~m}$
(b)
R.F. $=1 / 5000$, (c)
(c) $1 \mathrm{~cm}=5 \mathrm{~km}$,
(d) 1:10000
3. The method of plane surveying can be used when the extent of area is less than $\qquad$
(a) 250 sq. km, (b) 250 sq. m, (c)
(c) $2500 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{km}$,
(d) 250 sq. cm
4. A triangle is said to be well-conditioned when its angle should lie between $\qquad$ -
(a) $15^{\circ}$ and $115^{\circ}$, (b) $30^{\circ}$ and $120^{\circ}$,
(c) $55^{\circ}$ and $115^{\circ}$,
(d) $45^{\circ}$ and $135^{\circ}$
5. If the back bearing of a line is $\mathrm{S} 30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$, its fore bearing is $\qquad$
(a) $\mathrm{N} 30^{\circ} \mathrm{E}$,
(b) $\mathrm{S} 210^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$,
(c) $\mathrm{S} 75^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$,
(d) $\mathrm{N} 30^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$
6. The Satellite constellation of GPS consists of $\qquad$
(a) 4 satellites, (b) 6 satellites, (c) 18 satellites,
, (d) 24 satellites
7. Marble is a form of $\qquad$ _.
(a) Igneous,
, (b) Sedimentary, (c)
(c) Metamorphic,
(d) None of above
(b) Attempt Following Questions.
8. If the depth of foundation is equal to or less than its width is known as $\qquad$ .
(a) Deep foundation, (b) Shallow foundation,
(c) Combined foundation, (d) None of above
9. The room which receives light and air from particular direction is called the $\qquad$
(a) Prospect, (b) Aspect, (c) Privacy, (d) Roominess
10. The link between the various rooms and floors of a building is known is $\qquad$
(a) Prospect, (b) grouping, (c) Privacy, (d) Circulation
11. The earth water circulatory system is known as $\qquad$
(a) water cycle, (b) Monsoon cycle, (c) Hydrological cycle,
(d) Environmental cycle
12. The surface water sources are $\qquad$ -
(a) Streams \& rivers,
, (b) Rainfall, (c) Wells,
(d) None of above
13. The basic function of foundation is $\qquad$ -
(a) To transmit the loads to the sub soil, (b) To provide stability,
(c) To check the settlement of a building, (d) all above
14. The permanent, immovable and untransferable load of a structure is known as $\qquad$
(a) Dead load, (b) Live load, (c) Wind load, (d) Snow load
Q. 2 (a) Enlist the various branches of Civil Engineering.
(b) Define the Representative Fraction scale with suitable example.
(c) Explain the classification of surveying based on its purpose.
Q. 3 (a) Write the function of given building component.
15. Plinth, 2. Lintel, 3. Wall
(b) Explain the direct ranging with the use of Line Ranger.
(c) The distance between two stations was measured with a 20 m chain and found to be 1350 m . the same distance was measured with a 30 m chain and found to be 1342 m . If the 20 m chain was 5 cm too short, what was the error in the 30 m chain?
Q. 4 (a) Explain Key Plan.
(b) Give the difference between whole circle bearing and reduced bearing method.
(c) The following are the bearings observed in closed traverse ABCD with a compass. Calculate the interior angles of the traverse and correct them if necessary.

| Line | Fore bearing | Back Bearing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AB | $120^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ | $300^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$ |
| BC | $50^{\circ}$ | $230^{\circ}$ |
| CD | $300^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ | $120^{\circ} 15^{\prime}$ |
| DA | $200^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ | $20^{\circ} 45^{\prime}$ |

Q. 5 (a) Explain the temporary adjustment of Dumpy Level
(b) Define the term Contour. Write the uses of Contour Map.
(c) The following consecutive reading ware taken with a level and 5 m leveling staff on continuously sloping ground at a common interval of $20 \mathrm{~m} .0 .385,1.125,1.83,2.945,3.74,4.965,0.675,2.85,3.255$, 4.45. The reduce level of the first point was 500 m . The position of instrument was changed after sixth reading. Calculate the reduced levels of the points by Height of Instrument method, also the gradient of the line joining the first and last point.
Q. 6 (a) Calculate the area of a figure from the following reading by a planimeter with anchor point outside the figure.
Initial reading $=3.586$, Final Reading $=7.675, M=100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, $\mathrm{C}=23.521$, \& Zero mark of the dial passes index once in a clockwise direction.
(b) Explain the types of building based upon occupancy.
(c) Enlist the material used in construction. Explain the requirement and properties of concrete.
Q. 7 (a) Explain Check Dam.
(b) Explain the Rockfill Dam with sketch.
(c) Explain the Classification of roads by Nagpur Road Plan.

