

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**B.PHARM.-SEMESTER-VIII- EXAMINATION –SUMMER-2017**

**Subject Code: 280004**

**Date: 04/05/2017**

**Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Analysis IV**

**Time: 10:30 AM to 01:30 PM**

**Total Marks: 80**

**Instructions:**

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

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|-------------|--|-----------|
| <b>Q.1</b>  | (a) Explain the principle and applications of Raman Spectroscopy.  | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Discuss the applications of X-ray diffraction technique.   | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Write a note on nephelometry.  | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q.2</b>  | (a) Discuss the theories of chromatography.  | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Write applications of GC and GC-MS.  | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Define: (i)Retention time (ii)Tailing factor (iii)Capacity factor (iv)Selectivity factor (v)Resolution                                 | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q.3</b>  | (a) Differentiate between: (i)Analytical and guard column (ii)Normal and reverse phase chromatography (iii)Isocratic and gradient elution. | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Explain principle behind ion-exchange chromatography. Discuss the factors affecting retention in this technique.                       | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Explain the principle of separation in size exclusion and affinity chromatography.   | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q.4</b>  | (a) With a suitable diagram, describe the components of a gas chromatograph.   | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Describe flame ionization detector in gas chromatography.  | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Give an account of various stationary and mobile phases used in GC.  | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q.5</b>  | (a) Compare and contrast advantages and limitations of HPLC with HPTLC.  | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Discuss the various applications of TLC and HPTLC.   | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Describe the instrumentation in HPTLC.   | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q. 6</b> | (a) Define (i) Intellectual property (ii) Limit of detection (iii) Accuracy (iv) Precision (v) Rf value (vi) Calibration                   | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Discuss the requirements for an invention to be patentable.  | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Write a note on supercritical fluid chromatography.  | <b>05</b> |
| <b>Q.7</b>  | (a) Name the different radiochemical methods of analysis. Explain in detail any one of them.   | <b>06</b> |
|             | (b) Explain the principle and advantages of RIA.   | <b>05</b> |
|             | (c) Describe the steps for filing a patent application in India.   | <b>05</b> |

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