

Seat No.: _____

Enrolment No. _____

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
MCA SEMESTER– I • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

Subject Code:610003

Date:03/01/2017

Subject Name: Discrete Mathematics for Computer Science

Time:10.30 AM TO 01.00

Total Marks: 70

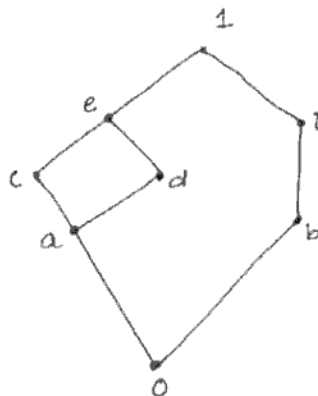
Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) i) Consider the statement, “If today is Monday, then I will go for a walk”. Write converse, inverse and contrapositive for the given statement. **03**
- ii) What is Discrete Mathematics? State the importance of it. **04**
- (b) Using indirect proof technique, show that if a^2+3 is odd, then a is even. **07**
- Q.2** (a) Let $X = \{1,2,3,4\}$ and $R = \{(x, y) / x > y\}$ be relation on it.
- (i) Write properties of R . **03**
- (ii) Write matrix of R . **02**
- (iii) Draw graph of R . **02**
- (b) i) Define: Equivalence Relation. Let $R = \{(1,2), (3,4), (2,2)\}$ and $S = \{(4,2), (2,5), (3,1), (1,3)\}$. Find $R \circ S$, $S \circ R$, and $R \circ R$. **04**
- ii) Test the validity of the logical consequences: **03**
- All dogs fetch.
- Kitty does not fetch.
- Therefore Kitty is not a dog.

OR

- (b) Define: Lattice. Determine join-irreducible elements, meet-irreducible elements, atoms and anti-atoms for the lattices shown in the Figure given below: **07**



- Q.3** (a) Use the Quine McClusky method to simplify the SOP expansion, **07**
- $f(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma (0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14)$

- (b) Define: Isomorphic Lattices. Draw the Hasse diagrams of lattices 07
 i) $(S_4 \times S_{25}, D)$
 ii) (S_{100}, D)
 Check whether these lattices are isomorphic?

OR

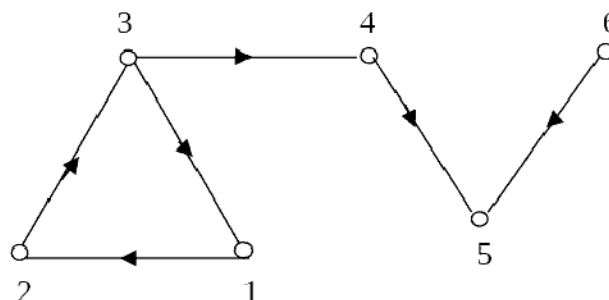
- Q.3** (a) Use K - map representation to find a minimal sum-of-product expression 07
 i) $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (10, 12, 13, 14, 15)$
 ii) $f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 2, 3, 13, 15)$
 (b) i) Define a sub-lattice. Give any four sub-lattices of the lattice (S_{12}, D) . 03
 ii) In poset (S_{36}, D) , find i) GLB X, LUB X (ii) GLB Y, LUB Y where 04
 $X = \{4, 6, 12\}$ and $Y = \{3, 6, 9\}$.

- Q.4** (a) Define cyclic group. Show that cyclic group is abelian but converse is not true. 07
 Is $\langle \mathbb{Z}_5, +5 \rangle$ a cyclic group? If so, find its generators.
 (b) Define subgroup of a group, left coset of a subgroup $\langle H, * \rangle$ in the group $\langle G, * \rangle$. 07
 Find left cosets of $\{[0], [3]\}$ in the group $\langle \mathbb{Z}_6, +6 \rangle$.

OR

- Q.4** (a) i) Show that in a group $\langle G, * \rangle$, if for any $a, b \in G$, $(a * b)^2 = a^2 * b^2$, then 03
 $\langle G, * \rangle$ must be abelian.
 iii) Show that $\langle \{1, 4, 13, 16\}, *_{17} \rangle$ is a subgroup of $\langle \mathbb{Z}_{17}^*, *_{17} \rangle$. 04
 (b) i) Define: POSET. Let $P(x, y)$ denote the sentence: $2x + y = 1$. What are the 04
 truth values of $\forall x \exists y P(x, y)$, $\forall x \forall y P(x, y)$ and $\exists x \exists y P(x, y)$ where the domain of x, y is the set of all integers?
 ii) Show without constructing the truth table that the statement formula 03
 $\sim p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$ is a tautology

- Q.5** (a) Define: Path, Elementary Path, Cycle, Binary Tree, Sling, Isolated Node, 07
 Null Graph
 (b) Define weakly connected, unilaterally connected and strongly connected 07
 graphs. Find the strong, unilateral and weak components for the following digraph.



OR

- Q.5 (a)** Draw di-graph and find in-degree and out-degree of each vertex from the given adjacency matrix. Using adjacency matrix, find total numbers of path of length 1 between each vertex.

07

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b)** Define: Leaf. Draw the graph of the tree represented by (A(B(C(D)(E)))(F(G)(H)(J))(K(L)(M)(N(P)(Q(R))))). Obtain the binary tree corresponding to it.

07
